Off the Record

Editor's note: Last October, Leo Beranek, S.D. '40, AMP '65, received the National Medal of Science for engineering from President George W. Bush. In large part the award honored the acoustic research that Beranek began as a graduate student and continued in the University's first-ever research project under government contract—one of Harvard's scientific contributions to the Allied military effort in World War II. Beranek writes:

I THINK that my pioneering project was indeed a learning experience for Harvard.

When the National Defense Research Committee (NDRC) asked me to form the Electro-Acoustic Laboratory (the project was initially called Research on Sound in Combat Vehicles), in October 1940, I went to John W. Lowes, the financial vice president at Harvard. He rocked back and forth for a minute in his chair, and then said that he believed we should not write anything down. He said that he would set up an account in the bursar's office called "Anonymous Research under Leo Beranek" and the project should keep a simple ledger: on one side, income from billings to the government, and on the other side outgoing payments. I simply sent over a voucher to the bursar's office for salaries, laboratory facilities, travel, et cetera and Harvard paid the bills. For income, I billed the government on the

forms it provided. After about two years, when our laboratory had about a hundred employees spread about in the Cruft and Jefferson Physical Laboratories, Harvard's treasurer, William H. Claflin, discovered the "Anonymous" account and found that the bur-



Beranek (above) and his team had two challenges: to quiet the planes themselves to cut the noise fatigue faced by their crews, and to compensate for the fading strength of the human voice at high altitudes. Because the planes then in use were unpressurized, each crew member wore an oxygen mask, and above 30,000 feet, voice communication through the masks was impossible. At right, the Electro-Acoustic Lab's anechoic chamber, nicknamed "Beranek's Box."

sar's office knew nothing about the project, had never contacted me, and had no thoughts on financial control. At that point, the project was given an official name, the bursar's office started keeping records, and my activities were audited.

Once the war was over, the government in turn sent auditors to determine whether the laboratory was properly run. The bursar's office sent them to me because it had no records for the first two years. When I brought out the simple ledger (several books after two years), they burst into laughter. They took the books away with them and about six months later mailed them back with no comment. So Lowes had been right!

It was certainly a simpler era. The faculty at the Cruft Laboratory, for example, had only one telephone. When a call came



in for a professor or researcher, a telegraphic code was sent out by the laboratory's sole secretary (we had a little loudspeaker in each room) to summon the proper person to her office. My code was dit dah dit dit (the Morse code for L). When my war project was getting started, I said to Professor F.V. Hunt, my mentor, "Now I must have a telephone in my office, because this project is a big thing, and there will be hiring, et cetera." His immediate answer was, "Now, Leo,

take it easy. Don't hurry." I did not take his advice, because the Army Air Force had announced that this was a very high priority project that needed immediate attention. I hired staff and set up the necessary laboratory equipment as fast as I could, and we overcame the communication problems of high-altitude flying in record time.

nial convention of Mu Phi Epsilon, the international music fraternity, for "dedicated service to music as an internationally renowned conductor, concert artist, master teacher, cellist, and [MPE] member who inspires and encourages young musicians and whose contributions are significant to the advancement of music throughout the world."

A.M. '61—Independent scholar Toni Vogel Carey is leader of the Wise Club, a New York City group that emulates eighteenth-century learned societies and has proposed that tolerance be recognized by philosophers as a moral rule like truth-telling and promise-keeping. The club suggests this moral rule be known as Franklin's rule in honor of the tercentenary of Franklin's birth in 2006 and because tolerance, according to his recent biographer Walter Isaacson '74, was foremost among his values.

Ph.D. '65—Epifanio San Juan has written Working

through the Contradictions (Bucknell) and Racism and Cultural Studies (Duke). He was a 2003 Fulbright lecturer in Belgium (Leuven & Antwerp) and a visiting professor of English and comparative literature at Shih Hsin University, in Taipei, this winter.

Ph.D. '70—Sheldon M. Stern's Averting "The Final Failure": John F. Kennedy and the Secret Cuban Missile Crisis Meetings (Stanford) is the first narrative account of the secret "ExComm" meetings

Ph.D. '80-Mounira Maya Charrad's book, States and Women's Rights: The Making of Postcolonial Tunisia, Algeria, and Morocco (UC Press, 2001), has received its fifth award, as cowinner of the Best Book on Politics and History 2003 Greenstone Award from the American Political Science Association. The book previously received awards in sociology and history, and the Hamilton Award from the University of Texas at Austin.

A.M. '84-Professor Herman Chernoff has retired from Harvard's statistics department. "I am grateful my office is still available. I turned 80 in July 2003, and my colleagues and students feted me at a delightful symposium in June. Attendees came from across the U.S., Australia, and Japan."

RI '92—Dionne Scott has been on the road since August, following Senator Joseph Lieberman's presidential campaign as an embedded reporter/ producer for MSNBC and NBC News.

Ph.D. '99—Married: Matthew Lieberman, assistant professor of psychology at UCLA, and Naomi Eisenberger on June 22, 2003, in Marin, Calif. The groomsmen were Kevin Ochsner '98, Herman Sanchez '97, and Yanni Dosios '97. Also attending were Subu Mohanty '95, Nhi-Ha Trinh '96, Hahrie Han '97, Sally Wolf '97, Maggie Hatcher '98, Stacey Di-Cicco '99, Stephanie Yu '99, and Jason Mitchell '03.